

Unveiling the early universe with CMB spectral distortions

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APS April meeting

April 17, 2021

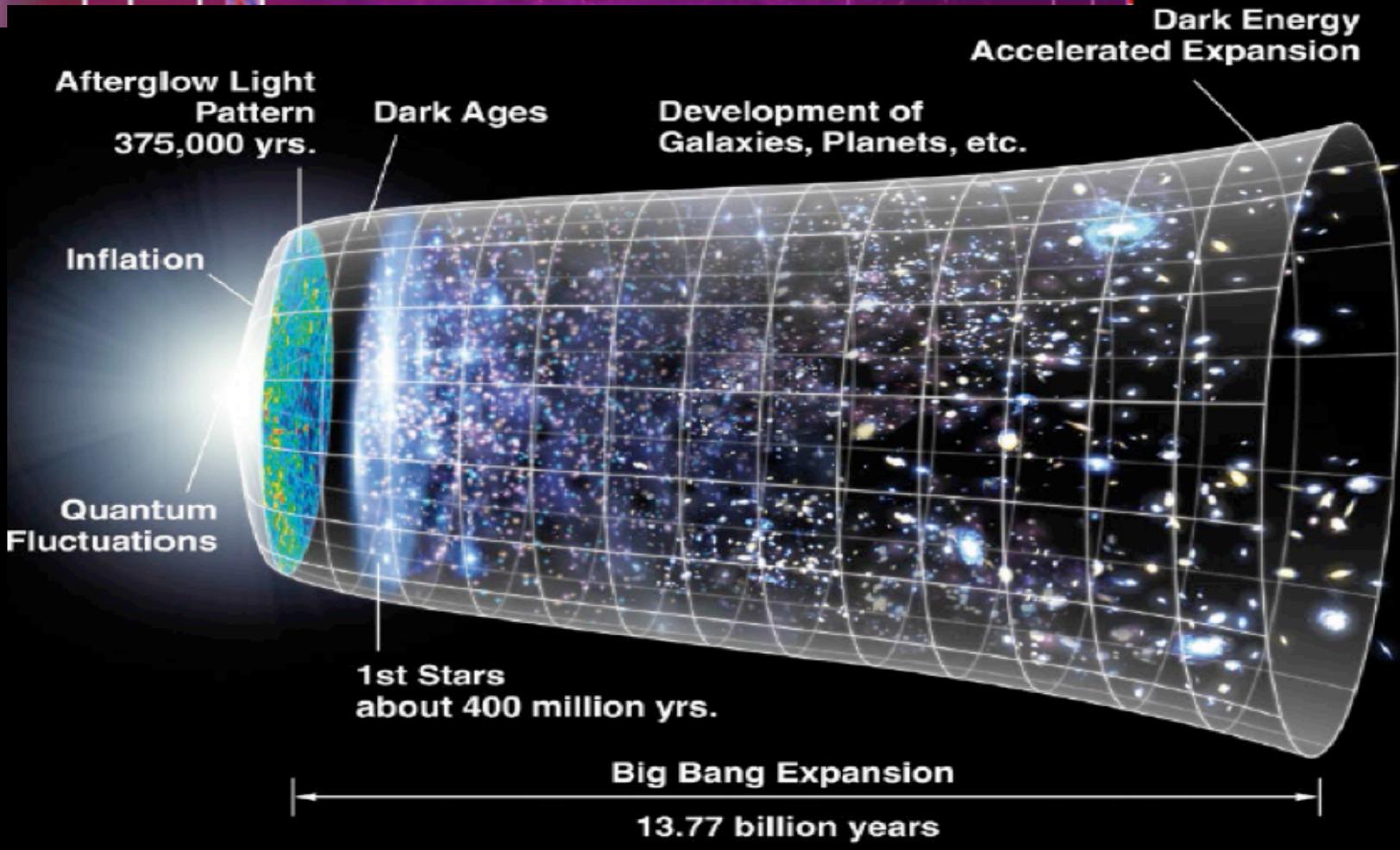
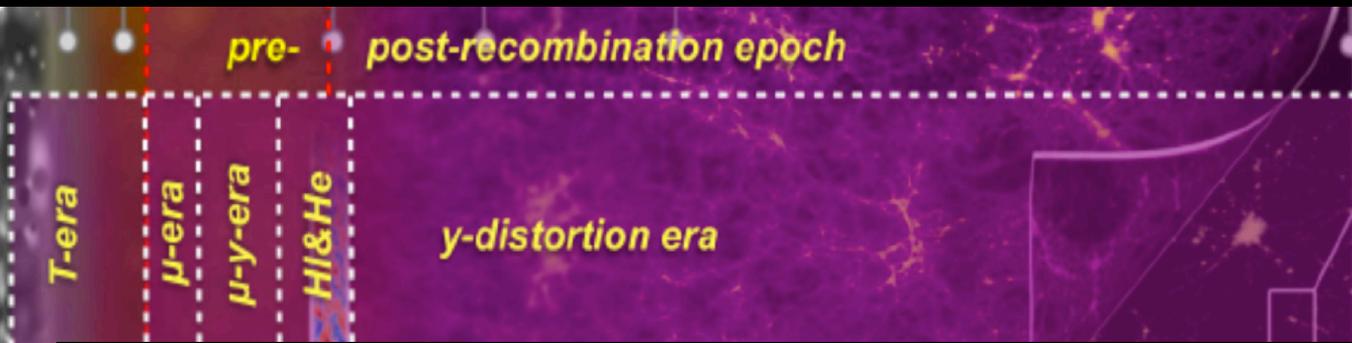
Space-like environment on Moon

Radio astronomy at low frequencies

Optical astronomy

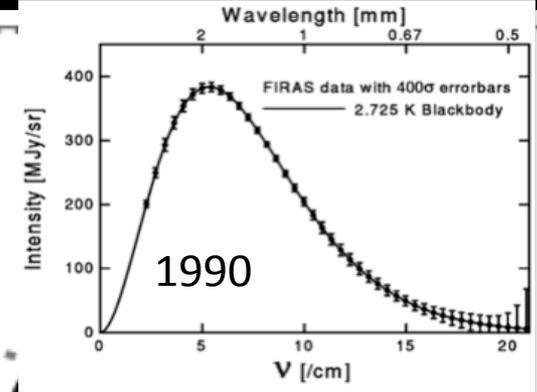
Gravitational wave astronomy

Far infrared astronomy



CMB spectroscopic interferometry

spectral distortions probe early universe energy input



aim: μ distortion $\sim 10^{-9}$

CMB

small scales
?

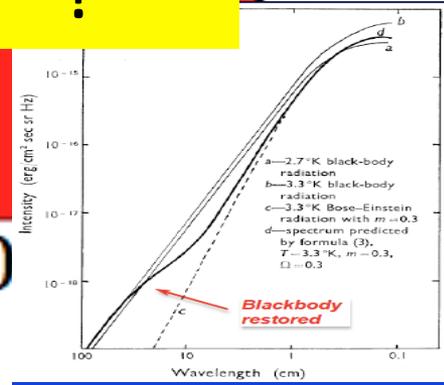
$$T_0 = 2.725 \pm 0.001 \text{ K}$$

$$|y| \leq 1.5 \times 10^{-5}$$

$$|\mu| \leq 9 \times 10^{-5}$$

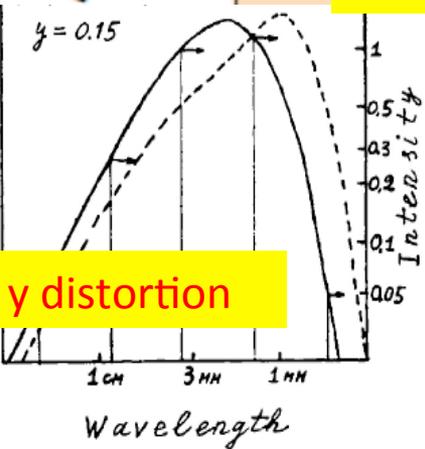
Pajer + Zaldarriaga 2012

$k \text{ Mpc}^{-1}$



Sunyaev & Zeldovich, 1970, ApSS, 2, 66

$$\Delta_R(k)^2 \times 10^9$$



Probing primordial energy input

μ distortion is our best hope: over $z = 5 \cdot 10^4$ to $2 \cdot 10^6$

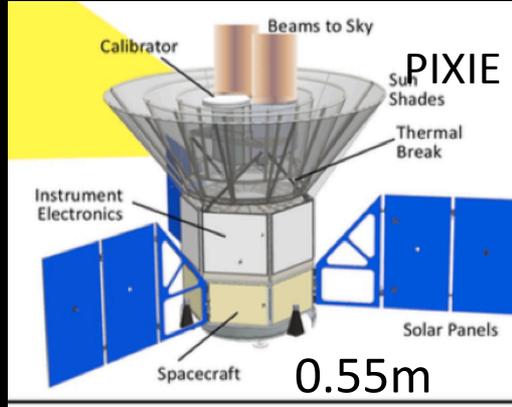
- $z > 2 \cdot 10^6$: bremsstrahlung + double Compton creates blackbody photons
- $\mu = 1.4 \delta E_{\text{injection}}$ due to Compton scattering
 - adds energy, conserves photon number, $2 \cdot 10^6 > z > 5 \cdot 10^4$: μ distortion
- $5 \cdot 10^4 > z$: Thompson transfers energy : y distortion

- Many papers on this: eg, decaying particles, primordial black holes...
- No guaranteed signal of exotica
- Robust probe of Λ CDM

Moon for CMB/IR spectroscopy

Unprecedented reach for a Fourier transform spectrometer

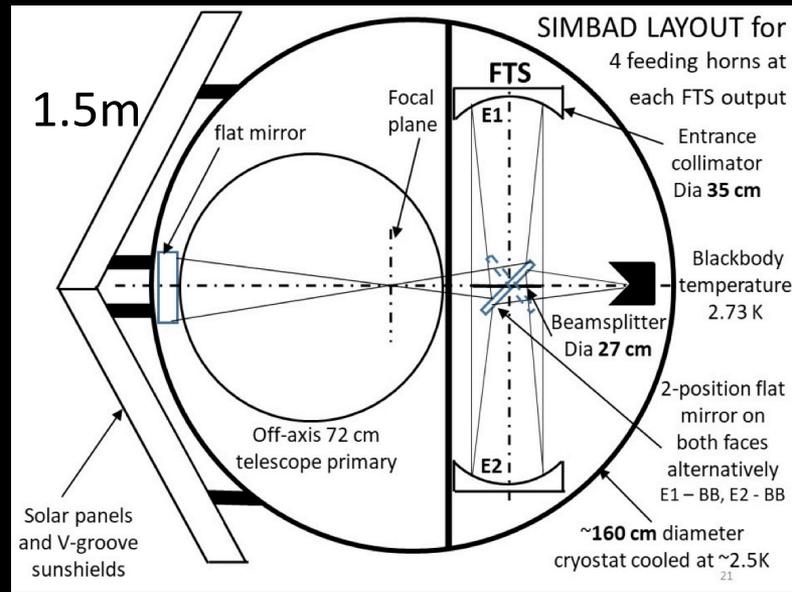
PIXIE ($\times 10^{-3}$ FIRAS)
 rejected (twice) by NASA
 55cm telescope + 1 detector
WHAT NEXT?



SIMBAD: Spectroscopic Interferometer for Microwave Background And Distortions

target $\mu \sim 10^{-9}$ with 10 detectors
 on 1.5m telescope + 4 modules

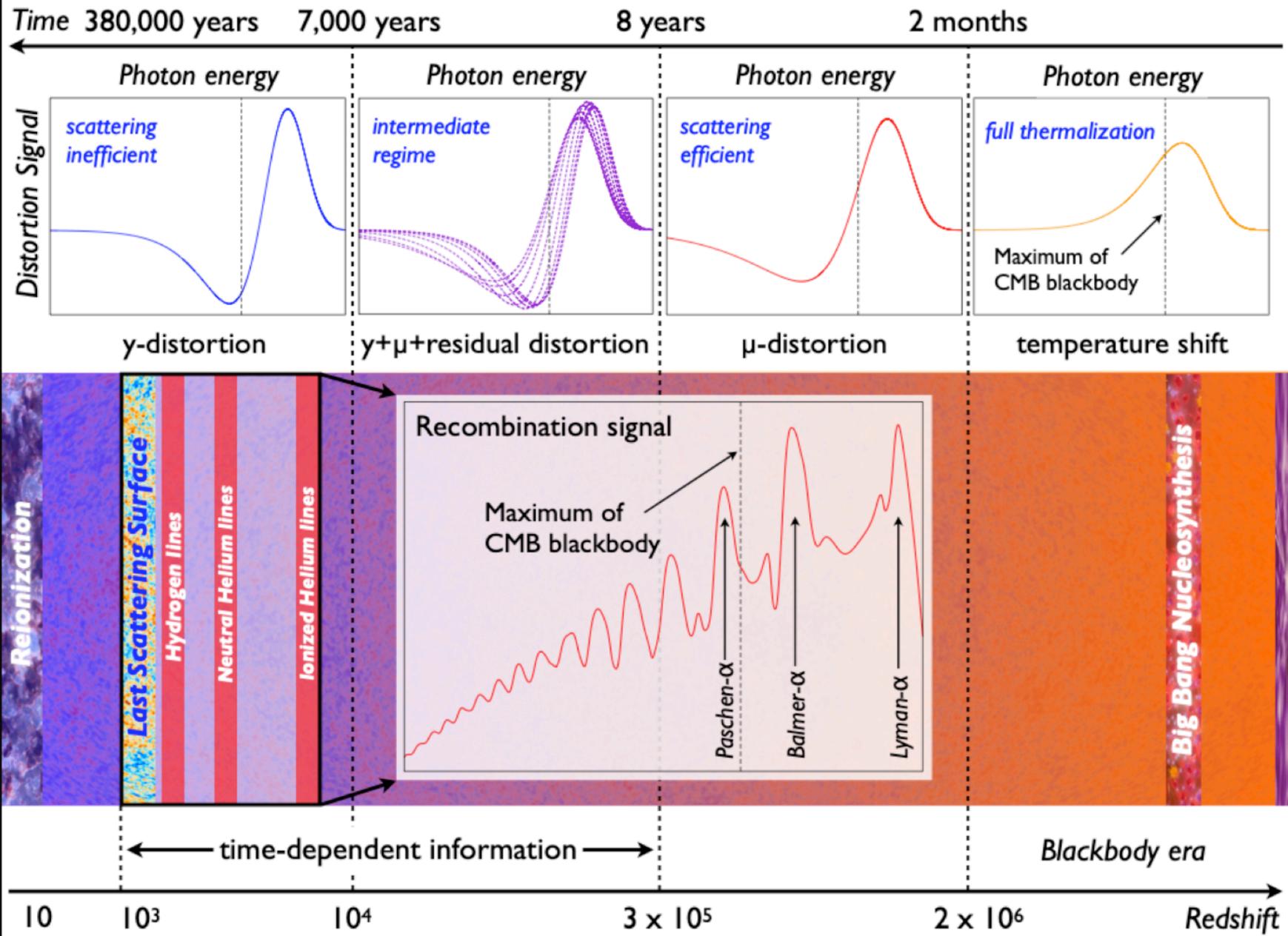
$\sim 10^{-5}$ FIRAS sensitivity



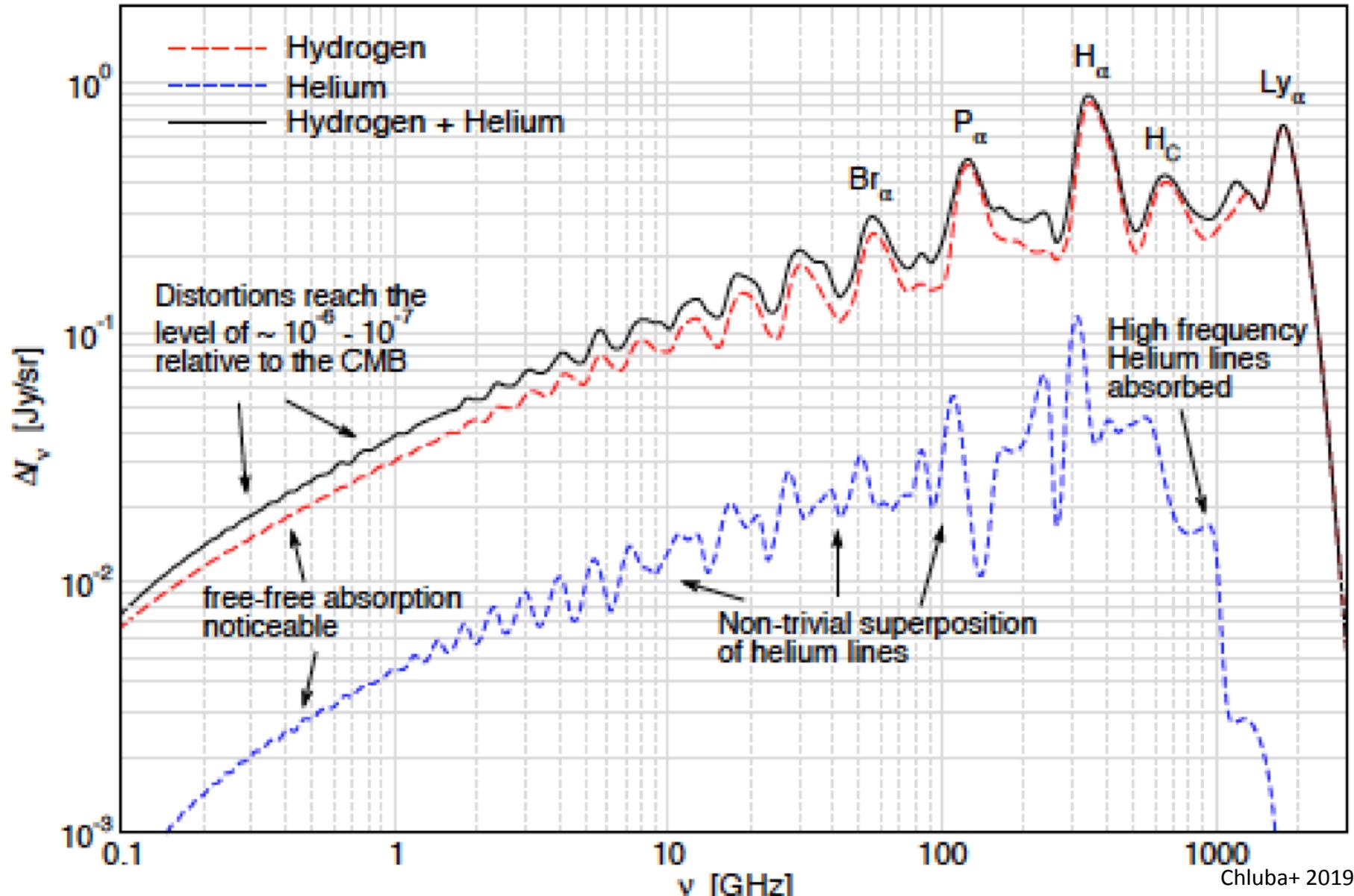
Far infrared science



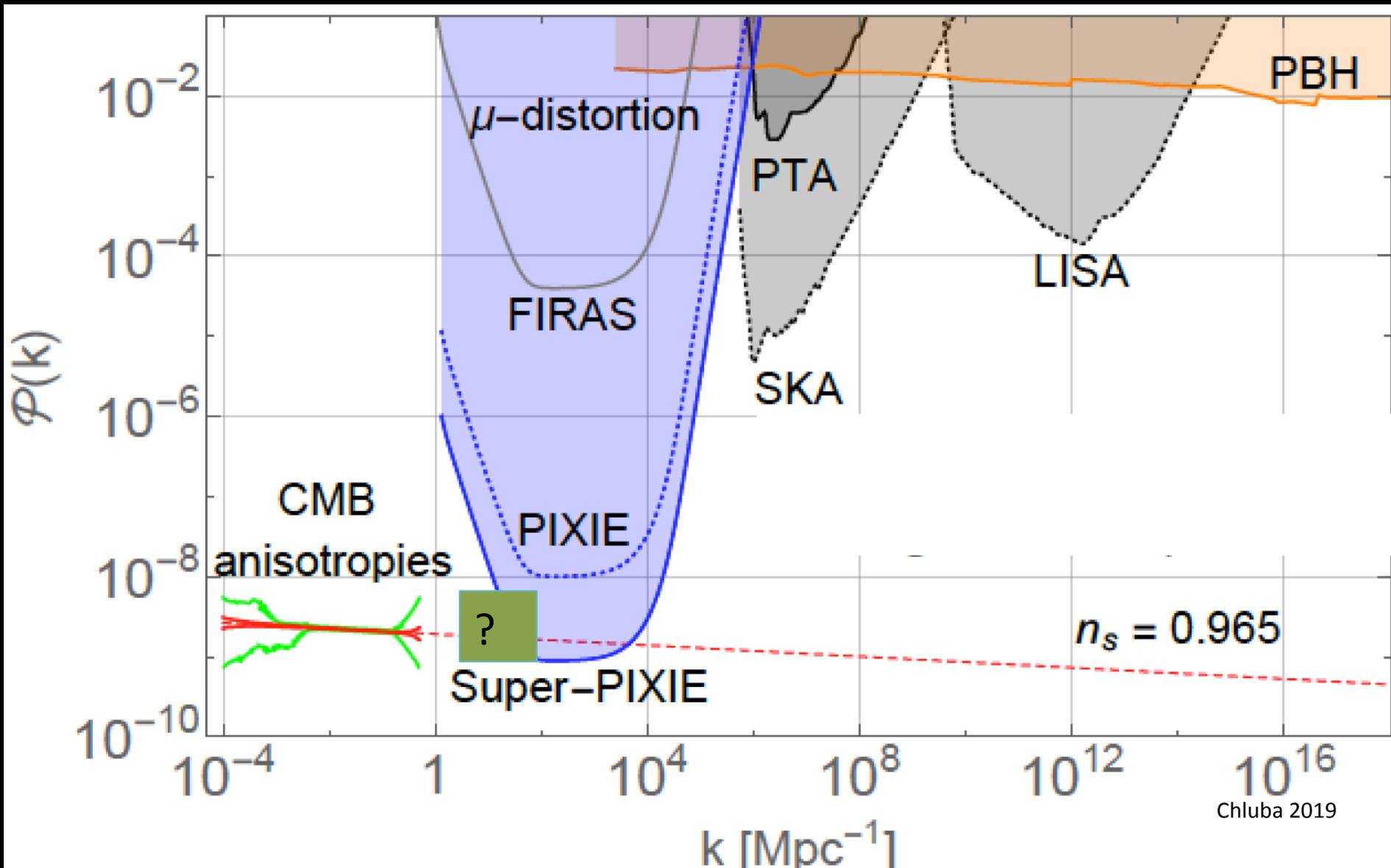
- dual input Fourier transform interferometer
- fed by sky and reference blackbody at 2.7 K
 - bolometer array, cooling of telescope plus FTS to 2.5 K.
- 1.5 m telescope diameter, frequency range 90 to 2000 GHz
- Up to 4 modules in 1.5 ton payload.
- Sky scanning by lunar rotation
- Permanently shadowed cold crater at lunar south pole
- Aim for improvement over FIRAS by 5 orders of magnitude.

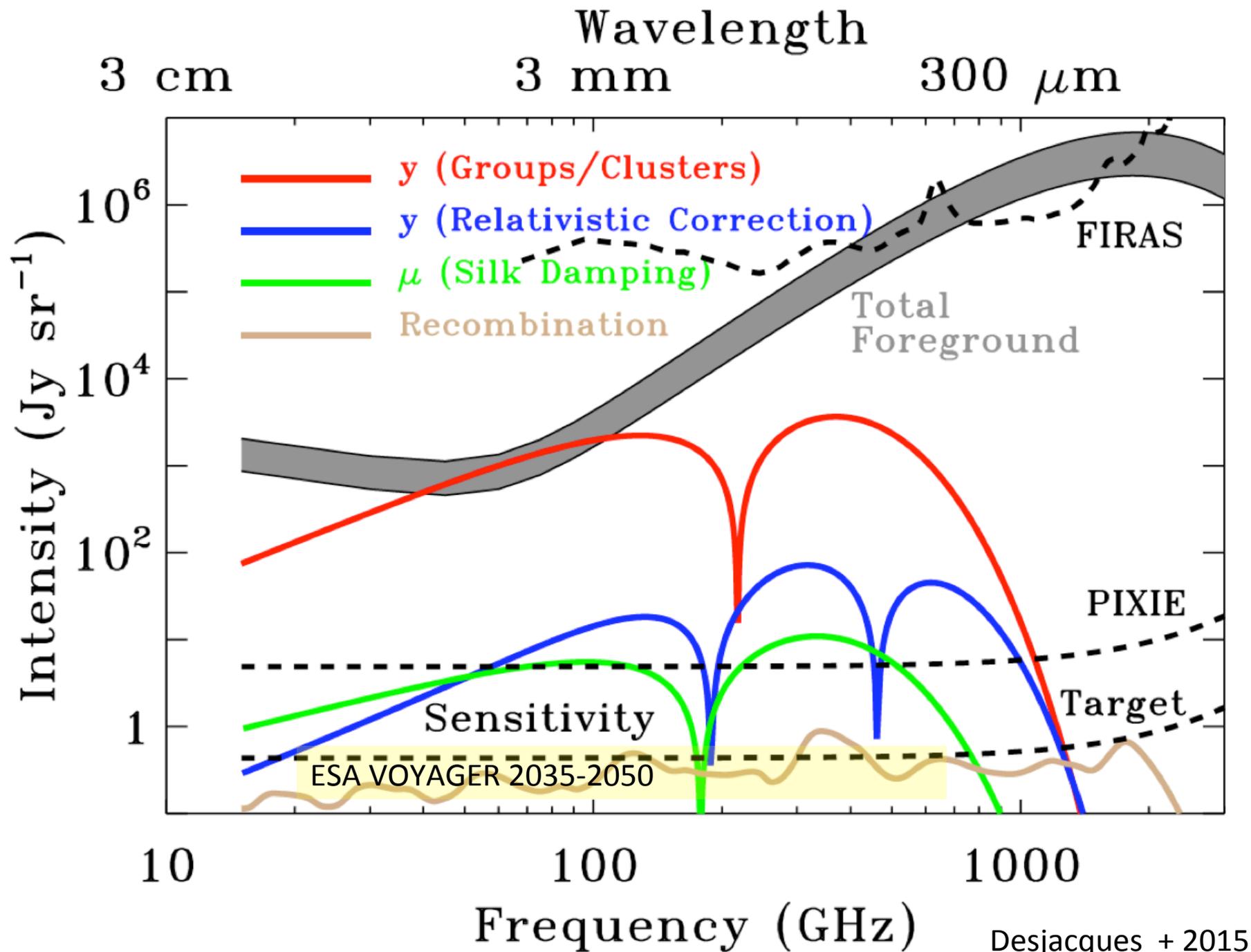


Going for primordial helium



a guaranteed signal





Lunar telescopes

- It's futuristic (2030+) but will happen
- Space agencies are planning a lunar space station and a lunar village, so telescope logistics shouldn't be a problem
- Really big projects in science have long lead times, eg a 100 TeV particle collider in ~ 2050
- Lunar telescopes can do unparalleled cosmology, unachievable on earth or even in space

FIR spectrometer to test Λ CDM

Detect H/He recombinations @ $z \sim 10^3 - 10^4$

Search for exotic early energy input